

Maths Workshop for Parents

November 2025

Learning Zone

Today



Hard work really does pay off, Eleanor. You've reached the green zone. Keep it up!



[+ Add Assignment](#)



TIMES TABLES ROCK STARS

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What is Times Tables Rock Stars?



Hit the Button



**Square
Numbers**

**Division
Facts**

Halves

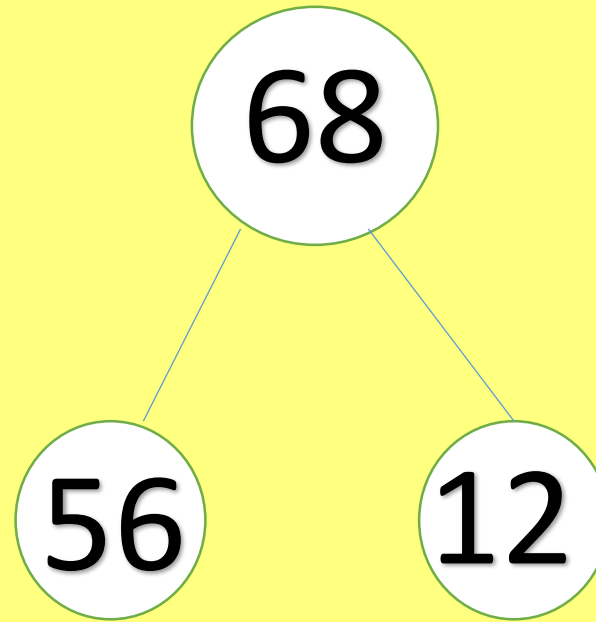
**Times
Tables**

Doubles

**Number
Bonds**

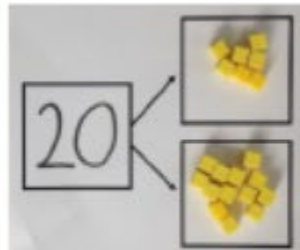
Addition

$$56 + 12 =$$



Use known number facts

Part part whole



Children explore ways of making numbers within 20

$$\begin{array}{l} \square + \square = 20 \\ \square + \square = 20 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} 20 - \square = \square \\ 20 - \square = \square \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \square + 1 = 16 \\ 1 + \square = 16 \end{array}$$

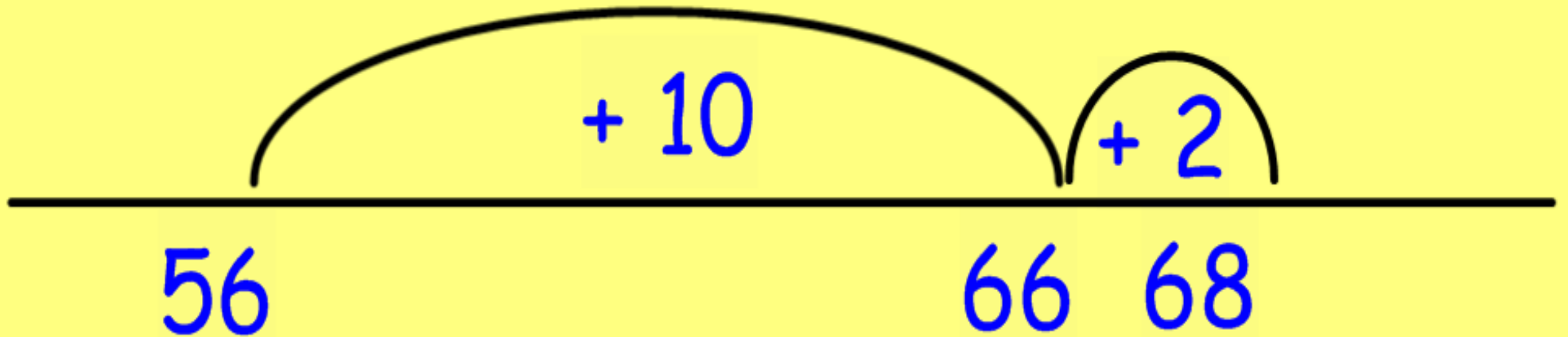
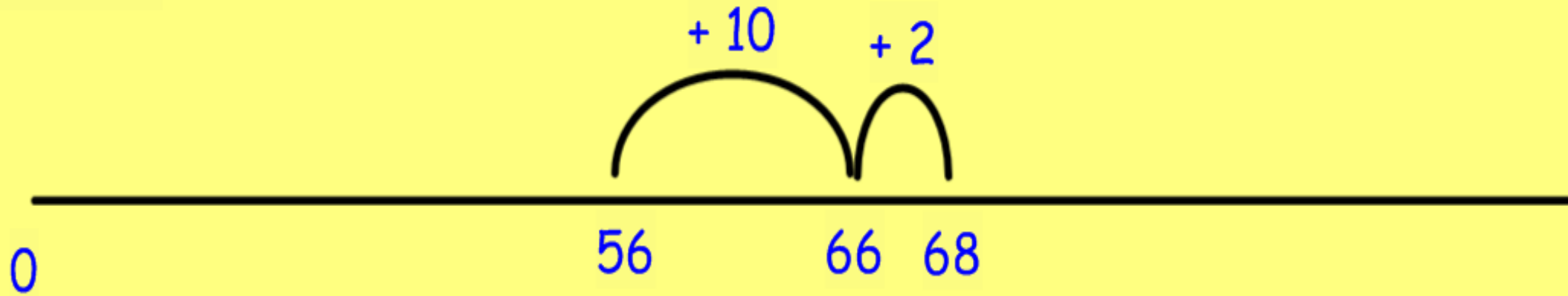
$$\begin{array}{l} 16 - 1 = \square \\ 16 - \square = 1 \end{array}$$

Addition

$$56 + 12 =$$

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70
71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90
91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100

$$56 + 12 =$$



$$16 + 16 =$$

Have a go!

$$167 + 34 =$$

Something more familiar?

$$\begin{array}{r} 368 \\ +493 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 368 \\ +493 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

1 1

15 0













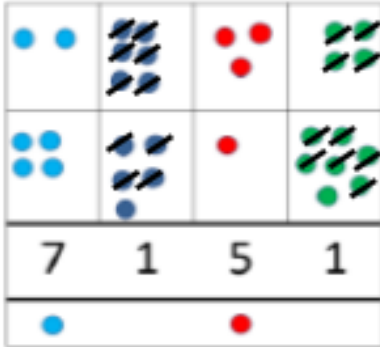
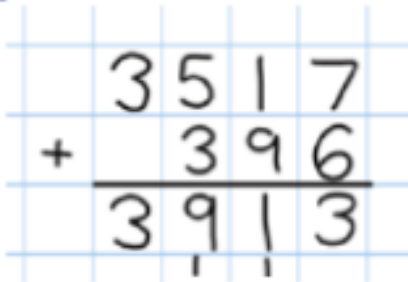






$$\begin{array}{r} 700 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

861

← ones

← tens

← hundreds

Objective & Strategy	Concrete	Pictorial	Abstract									
Y4—add numbers with up to 4 digits	<p>Children continue to use dienes or pv counters to add, exchanging ten ones for a ten and ten tens for a hundred and ten hundreds for a thousand.</p> <table><tr><th>Hundreds</th><th>Tens</th><th>Ones</th></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr></table>	Hundreds	Tens	Ones							 <p>Draw representations using pv grid.</p>	 <p>Continue from previous work to carry hundreds as well as tens.</p> <p>Relate to money and measures.</p>
Hundreds	Tens	Ones										
												
												

Y4-6

AD

Y4-6

AD

Subtraction (Take away)


$$8 - 4 =$$



Subtraction (finding the difference)

$$35 - 12 =$$

Subtraction (finding the difference)
Using a number line

$$35 - 12 =$$


A horizontal number line is shown with tick marks at 12, 20, 30, and 35. The numbers are written below the line.

Always check subtraction by using the inverse operation.

$$35 - 12 = 23$$

$$23 + 12 = 35$$

$$45 - 34 =$$

Have a go!

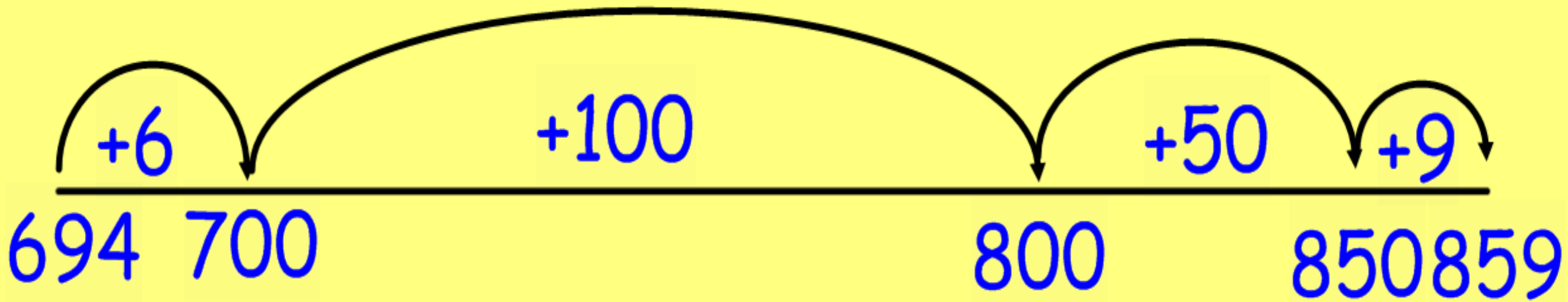
$$126 - 75 =$$

Number sentences are less useful as partitioning generally cannot be used.

In the example $73 - 26 =$ it is possible to start with $70 - 20$ but $3 - 6$ is less useful!

Numberlines make the calculation easier.

$$\begin{array}{r} 859 \\ -694 \\ \hline \end{array}$$



Using addition for subtraction

$$\begin{array}{r} 859 \\ -694 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

6

700

100

800

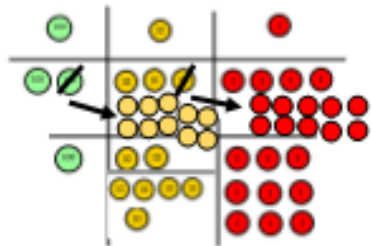
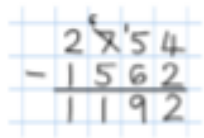
50

850

9

859

165

Objective & Strategy	Concrete	Pictorial	Abstract
<p>Subtracting tens and ones</p> <p>Year 4 subtract with up to 4 digits.</p> <p><i>Introduce decimal subtraction through context of money</i></p>	<p>234 - 179</p>  <p>Model process of exchange using Numicon, base ten and then move to PV counters.</p>	<p>Children to draw place value counters to show their exchange.</p>	<p>Begin with expanded versions</p> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="margin-right: 20px;"> $\begin{array}{r} 200 \\ - 100 \\ \hline 100 \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{r} 30 \\ - 70 \\ \hline 0 \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{r} 4 \\ - 9 \\ \hline 5 \end{array}$ </div> <div>  </div> </div> <p>Use language of 'exchange' rather than borrow.</p>

Y4-6

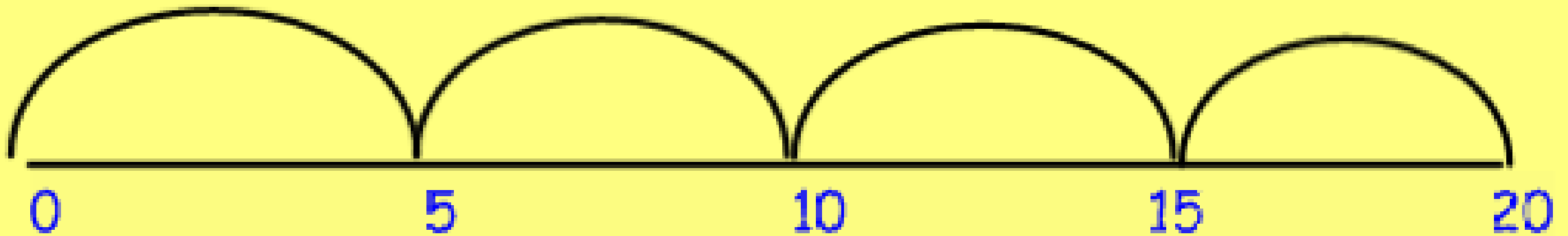
SUBTR

Multiplication

$$4 \times 5 =$$

4 lots of 5

OOOOO OOOOO OOOOO OOOOO



$$4 \times 16 =$$

x	10	6
4	.	.

$$4 \times 16 =$$

\times	10	6
4	40	24

$$24 \times 31 =$$

\times	20	4
30	600	120
1	20	4

$$5 \times 18 =$$

$$43 \times 29 =$$

This can be extended to larger numbers and decimals.

$$53.5 \times 17 =$$

\times	50	3	0.5
10	500	30	5
7	350	21	3.5
= 850		=51	=8.5

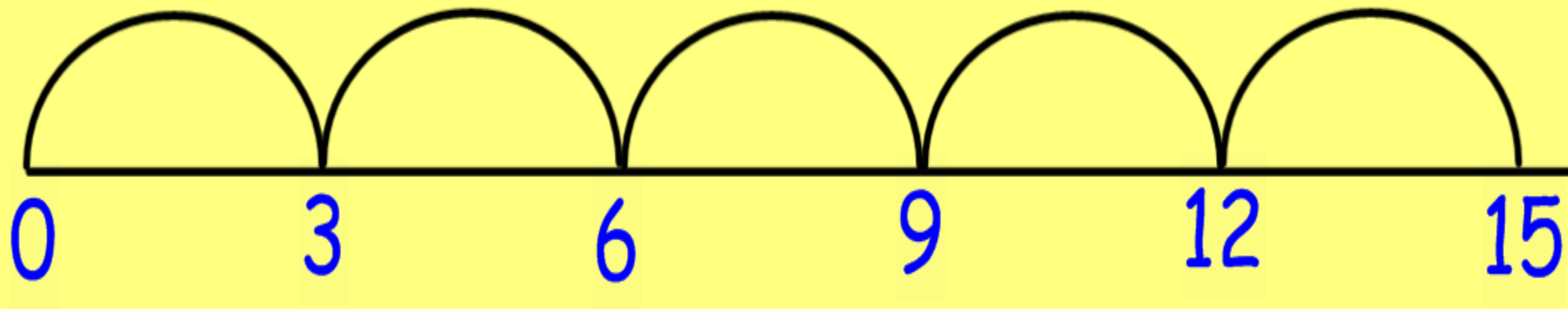
Division

$$15 \div 3 =$$



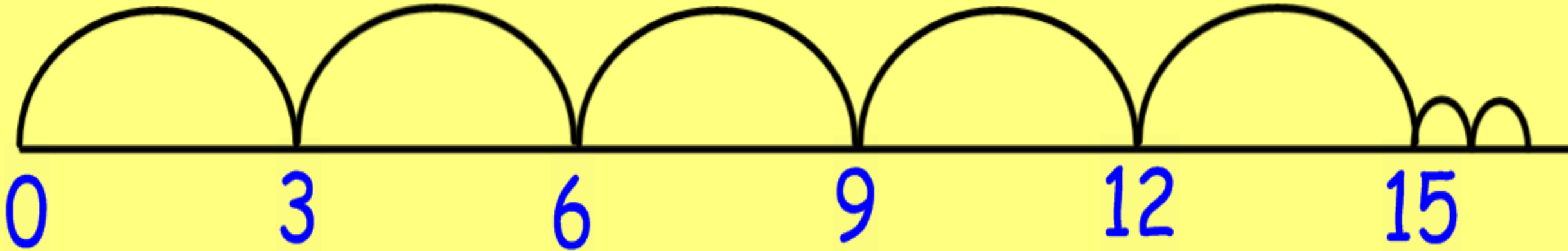
Use the inverse operation to check your answer.

$$15 \div 3 =$$



Division with remainders

$$17 \div 3 =$$



$$65 \div 5 =$$

$$110 \div 11 =$$

Chunking Method for Division

$$\begin{array}{r} 147 \\ \div 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$= 29 \text{ r}2$$

$$50 = 10 \times 5$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 97 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$50 = 10 \times 5$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 47 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$45 = 9 \times 5$$

$$2$$

Objective & Strategy	Concrete	Pictorial	Abstract
Divide at least 3 digit numbers by 1 digit. Short Division	<div><div><div>96 ÷ 3</div><div><div>Tens</div><div>3</div></div><div><div>Units</div><div>2</div></div></div><div><div>3</div><div><div><div><div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div><div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div><div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div></div><div><div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div><div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div><div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div></div></div><div>Use place value counters to divide using the bus stop method alongside</div><div><div><div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div><div><div></div><div></div></div></div><div><div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div><div><div></div><div></div></div></div></div><div><div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div><div><div></div><div></div></div></div></div><div><div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div><div><div></div><div></div></div></div></div></div> <div><div>Calculators</div><div>42 ÷ 3</div></div>	Students can continue to use drawn diagrams with dots or circles to help them divide numbers into equal groups. 	Begin with divisions that divide equally with no remainder. <div><div><div>218</div><div>3</div><div>872</div></div><div>4</div></div> <div>Children can write out multiple lists to support</div> Move onto divisions with a remainder. <div><div><div>86</div><div>3</div><div>r 2</div></div><div>5</div><div>432</div></div>

Y4-6

DM